The Daily Courant.

Thurſday, February 1. 1705.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Feb. 5.

From the Camp before Gibraltar, Jan. 11.

THE 2d of this Month, we made ſome new Works for the Security of our Trenches. The Night following the Beſieged made 2 Sallies, but were oblig'd to retire by the Fire of our Cannon and of the Troops we had in the Trenches. The 3d about Noon, we plac'd 5 Mortars on the new Battery rais'd at the Head of the Trenches. A few Hours after, the Enemy's Squadron ſail'd out of the Bay towards the Ocean, one Frigate only being left in the Bay. The 4th 3 Mortars more were plac'd on the new Battery; and we begun to caſt Bombs into the Town. The 5th a conſiderable Number of Men were added to thoſe that were working on 2 parallel Lines, and a new Place of Arms, begun the Day before at the Head of tha Trenches; the Beſieged made a Sally on thoſe Workmen, but after a Diſpute of a quarter of an Hour, were beaten back into the Place; and we had but 12 Men kill'd and 17 wounded. The 6th the Enemy made a great Fire from their Cannon and Muſquets, but did not kill us one Man; and we carried on our Approaches within 70 Paces of the Covert-Way. The Night following, the Beſieged made a Sally with 300 Men, but were repuls'd with great Loſs. The 8th nothing paſs'd worth Notice. The 9th we receiv'd Advice, that the Reinforcement of Men we expect, will be here the 19th or 20th Inſtant. The 10th the Beſieged made a great Fire from their Artillery, and did conſiderable Damage to our Works, kill'd 12 of our Men and wounded 20. In the Afternoon 2 of the Enemy's Frigates came into the Bay. Laſt Night we finiſh'd our 2 parallel Lines; and repair'd the Damage which the Cannon of the Place had done to our Works. To day (the 11th) the Enemy made a greater Fire from their Artillery than they had done before, yet kill'd but 11 of our Men and wounded 19; and they having made no Sally in 3 days paſt, we have carried on our Approaches very near to the Covert-Way: And 'tis given out we ſhall make a general Aſſault upon their Works immediately after the arrival of our Reinforcements. Three of the Enemy's Frigates are cruiſing in the Bay.

From the Amſterdam Gazette, dated Feb. 6.

Madrid, Jan. 15. The Reinforcements deſign'd for the Army before Gibraltar, conſiſting of 4 Battallions, 2 Regiments of Dragoons, and 200 Grenadiers, French; and a Regiment of Spaniards, began their March the 5th inſtant from the Borders of the Tagus and Duero, but cannot arrive in the Camp till the end of the Month. The Baron de Pointis having caus'd the Ships of his Squadron to be laid up within the Puntals at Cadix, repair'd to the Camp before Gibraltar, and from thence is come hither, and has made Report to the King of the Progreſs made in that Siege: He has told him, that the Beſiegers are in Want of all things neceſſary for the Work they are upon, and that they can make nothing of it, unleſs they are ſupplied with ſufficient Reinforcements and Ammunition: Whereupon the Court has given new Orders, for haſtening the March of the Troops, and the ſending of Ammunitions from the Places neareſt to Gibraltar.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Feb. 5.

From the Duke of Vendome's *Camp before* Verue, Jan. 19. The abundance of Snow lately fallen has very much retarded this Siege; and ſeveral days and nights have been ſpent in emptying the Trenches of it. We are now incommoded with Rain, which has melted the Snow and ſwell'd the Po ſo high, that 'tis at preſent impoſſible for us to paſs over and attack the Duke of Savoy in his Camp at Creſcentino. We are employ'd in draining our Trenches. The Count d'Eſtain has been for ſome days between Turin and Chivazzo, with a Body of Horſe and 6 Battallions, but he cannot ſubſiſt long there for want of Proviſions.

From the Amſterdam Courant, dated Feb. 7.

From the Camp before Verue, Jan. 24. We have rais'd Batteries againſt the 3d Wall of this Place, the Breaches in the 2 loweſt being large enough; but the continual bad Weather and particularly the Snows have been ſo great a Hindrance to us, that 14 Days have been ſpent in doing little elſe than emptying our Trenches. We muſt have better Weather before we can hope to make any great Uſe of our Artillery; mean while we expect a further Supply of Cannon, Bullets, Bombs, and Powder. We have not ventur'd to make a Lodgement on the Breach in the 2d Wall, for fear of the Enemy's Mines; being aſſur'd by Deſerters, that there are 15 Mines between the Foot of that Breach and the Inſide of the 3d Wall, ſome of which they do not deſign to ſpring till we ſhall have rais'd a Battery on the ſaid Breach. The Duke of Vendome, will not hazard a general Storm, being deſirous to ſpare his Men as much as poſſible; but propoſes, when the Weather is tolerable to attack a Work that defends the Bridge of Communication between the Place and the Camp of Creſcentino; which if he can carry, he makes ſure Account the Beſiegers will of themſelves ſurrender ſoon after. General Staremberg is paſs'd through Genoa, in Order to go to the Imperial Troops that are on the Frontiers of the Trentin and the Mantuan. Our Horſe that made a Motion towards Turin, are at preſent extended along the ſide of the Po, to hinder the Paſſage of Boats with Proviſions down to Verue from Turin: So that the Enemy muſt ſupply themſelves with all they may want, by Land-Carriage.

From the Amſterdam Gazette, dated Feb. 6.

Amſterdam, Feb. 6. The freſheſt Letters from Italy afford the following Particulars concerning the Siege of Verue.

The Duke of Vendome having Reaſon to apprehend it would be too dangerous an Attempt to make a general Aſſault upon Verue, becauſe the Breaches made in the Place, tho' they are large, are very difficult to mount, and every Foot of the Ground is undermin'd; has determin'd to take another Courſe, and that is, to form a Camp over againſt Creſcentino. The Troops deſign'd for that Service, are already on their March; ſome come from the Duke de la Feuillade's Quarters, by the Valley of Aoſte; others are drawn out of the Garriſons of Ivrea, Cazal, and divers other Places. His Royal Highneſs, being well inform'd of this Deſign and of theſe Motions, is reſolv'd to reinforce his Camp at Creſcentino with 5000 Men, drawn out of Nice, Turin, Coni, and other Garriſons. The Duke of Vendome has attack'd the Fort that covers the Head of the Bridge of Communication,

nication, but has been repuls'd with loſs. His Army is miſerably ruin'd by the Cold; he will have enough to do to reſtore it to a vigorous State. The two Armies in the Breſſan do nothing conſiderable; they only beat up one anothers Quarters, and deprive each other of what Forrage they can.

As for the Siege of Gibraltar, the Letters from Spain of the 14th of January adviſe, that the Garriſon had made ſeveral very bold Salleys; and that the Beſiegers will hazard nothing till the Arrival of the Reinforcements they expect; that all the Troops on the Frontier of Portugal are marching to them, except ſo many as are judg'd neceſſary for the Defence of the Places of Importance on the ſaid Frontier. Theſe Letters add, that beſides theſe Reinforcements a Squadron is wanted to block up Gibraltar by Sea, without which all other Efforts will be fruitleſs; and that the Baron de Pointis is gone from Cadix to Madrid, by Order from Court, to concert new Meaſures there on that Subject, and to receive freſh Inſtructions.

Some Letters from France ſay, that 3 Regiments of the Forces employ'd in Languedoc, that were marching for Italy, have been countermanded, the Camiſars beginning to grow formidable again. And 'tis reported there has been Action between them and the King's Troops, in which the latter were worſted.

The Letters from the Camp of the Imperialiſts at Gavardo, dated Jan. 23. which are juſt come to our Hands by the Poſt from Germany, confirm, that the French having attack'd the Fort that covers the Bridge of Verue, have been twice repuls'd with conſiderable Loſs.

From the Amſterdam Courant, dated Feb. 7.

Milan, Jan. 22. The Garriſon of Verue defend themſelves ſtrenuouſly; they made a Sally, a few days ago, upon the Quarter of the Beſiegers Grenadiers, and kill'd many of them; at the ſame time they ſprung a Mine, which blew up a little Fort with a certain Number of Spaniards that were poſted in it. We have receiv'd Letters, by which we learn, that the Duke of Vendome had caus'd the Fort that covers the Bridge to be ſtorm'd, but that his Men were beaten off twice with very great Loſs; whereupon he has form'd a new Project againſt the Enemy's Camp at Creſcentino. Te 15th the Generals de las Torres and Colmenero arriv'd here from the Camp before Verue; they report that many Soldiers periſh in that Camp, purely by the extream Rigour of the Weather.

They write from Baſil the 29th of January, that the greateſt Part of the Duke of Vendome's Miners being kill'd; moſt of his Soldiers being ſick or diſabled with the tedious Fatigues they have undergone, and the Severity of the Seaſon; And the great Snows that had fallen having mightily increas'd the Difficulty of taking the Place; they were impatient to learn what Courſe the Duke of Vendome would take, becauſe the Advices they had receiv'd relating to the Siege were various, (tho' they all agreed in his Obſtinacy, if that would avail, to make himſelf Maſter of the Place,) ſome ſaying he would endeavour to take the Fort that ſecures the Head of the Bridge over the Po, others that he would attack the Duke of Savoy's Camp at Creſcentino, or cut off his Communication with Turin, or wait to be joyn'd by the Reinforcements he expects from Savoy.

From the Harlem Courant, dated Feb. 7.

Aoſte, Jan. 22. The French are drawing out of Savoy and Dauphine all the Troops they can muſter; but as the Ways are now, they cannot poſſibly paſs to their Army: 'Tis talk'd 2000 Men are already come to the Foot of the little St. Bernard, but they can proceed no further, and muſt make a hard ſhift to get Subſiſtance there till the Weather changes and facilitates ſome Paſſage to them.

From the Paris Letter, dated Feb. 2.

Paris, Feb. 2. The Letters from Piemont tell us, that our Men before Verue are employ'd in repairing their Works, which were damag'd by the melting of the Snows; that the Count d' Eſtain was march'd towards Gaſſo above Chivazzo, with all the Cavalry and 6000 Foot; and that our Huſſars having made an Excurſion to the very Gates of Turin, took a Major and ſeveral other Officers Priſoners; which put the Inhabitants of Turin into ſo great a Conſternation, that the Duke of Savoy found it neceſſary to ſend back 2 Regiments thither for the better Security of the Place. Letters from Spain of the 21ſt of laſt Month inform us, that 16000 Piſtoles were remitted to the Marquis de Thoui in the Camp before Gibraltar, for paying the Soldiers; who 'tis ſaid will be more regularly paid for the Future. Monſieur de Pointis was return'd to the ſaid Camp, whither 3000 Men that had ſerv'd on board his Ships were marching: When the other Reinforcements that are ordered thither are arriv'd, 'tis reckon'd the Army will conſiſt of 15000 Men, all Veterans.

The Swiſs Troops that are quarter'd on the Upper Rhine, are order'd to march down to the Netherlands, as ſoon as the Seaſon will permit. This day the King held a Chappel in the Pariſh-Church of Verſailles, when all the Marſhals of France that were not Knights of the Holy Ghoſt were dignified with that Order; the Marſhal de Catinat excepted, who abſolutely refus'd that Honour, making no Scruple to declare that he could not undertake to give the requiſite Proofs of his being nobly deſcended. The new made Knights are the Marſhal de Villars, the M. de Vauban, the M. d'Harcourt, the M. de Chamilly, the M. de Roſen, the M. de Montrevel, the M. de Coeuvres, and the M. de Chateau-Renaud.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Feb. 5.

Leiden, Feb. 5. Letters written yeſterday from Cleves, inform us, that as the Poſt was coming away they receiv'd the unwelcome News that the Queen of Pruſſia died of an Apaplexy the 31ſt of January

London, February 1.

Yeſterday arriv'd a Mail from Llsbon, with Letters dated the 29th of January N.S. which (we are told) adviſe, That Sir John Lake was come into the Tagus; having left 3 Months Proviſion with ſufficient Stores of Ammunition in Gibraltar.

AT the Theatre Royal in Drury-Lane, this preſent Thurſday being the Firſt of February, will be preſented a new Opera never perform'd but twice, call'd, Arſinoe Queen of Cyprus. None to be admitted into the Pit or Boxes but by the Subſcribers Tickets deliver'd at Mr. White's Chocolate-houſe in St. James-ſtreet; but the Boxes on the Stage, and the Galleries, are for the Benefit of the Actors.

This Play is Sold by Richard Wellington at the Dolphin and Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard. Where you may have moſt Novels.

An Entertainment by

Mr. *CLINCH* of *BARNET*, who imitates the Flute, Double Curtail, the Organ with three Voices, the Horn, Huntſman and Pack of Hounds, and ſeveral other things too tedious to be incerted. To which is added, Danceing on the Ladder by Mr. Harvey the only Artiſt in the World, and Vaulting on the Horſe. To be ſeen at Mr. Barker's Danceing-School in Mincing-Lane at the great Balcony, this preſent Thurſday being the Firſt inſtant, beginning exactly at Six a Clock in the Evening. price 1 s.

WHEREAS the following malicious falſe and ſcandalous Advertiſement hath been of late privately contrived, printed and diſperſed in and about London, viz.

Whereas a Sentence of Divorce has paſs'd againſt Frances Deye, at the Suit of John Deye her Husband, in the High Court of Delegates, on the 19th of May laſt, upon a Pretence of a Fact of Adultery, ſuggeſted to be Sworn againſt her by one Margaret Collins, a Perſon of a very leud and diſſolute Life and Converſation, and who now ſtands Indicted for Perjury in that very Cauſe, together with one Joſeph Goodale a Procter in Doctors Commons, who alſo ſtands Indicted for knowingly, falſly, maliciouſly, fraudulently and deceitfully framing, drawing, writing, ſigning, and under his Hand as a Notary Publick atteſting a certain falſe Writing, as if the ſaid Margaret Collins had been Sworn a Witneſs in the ſaid Cauſe, who in truth had never been Sworn nor taken any Oath, to give her Teſtimony in the ſaid Cauſe, the Bills of Indictment being found againſt them, by the Grand Jury at Guild-Hall, on Monday the Fourth day of this inſtant December.

If any Perſon therefore ſhall ſo far diſcover the Author or Printer of the ſaid Advertiſement, as to affect them by a legal and due Proof thereof, provided they are of good Subſtance, Joſeph Goodale of Doctors Commons Gent. promiſeth for the Diſcovery of the Author Ten Guineas, and of the Printer Five Guineas, upon Proof to be made as aforeſaid. Which Author and Printer Mr. Goodale engageth to proſecute with effect, or upon diſcontinuance to pay the Rewards aforeſaid.

On Sunday the 28th inſtant, about 9 a Clock at Night, a Dapple Gray Mare about 15 Hands high, mark'd with R C on the near Shoulder, was ſtolen out of the Uplands in the Ground of Mr. John Comyns at Dagenham, ſuppoſed by a Man on a White Horſe who was ſeen to lead the ſaid Mare through Wall-end-Gate a Mile on this ſide Barkin. Whoever gives notice of the ſaid Mare, ſo that ſhe may be had again, at the Horns in White-Chappel, or at the Virginia Coffee-houſe in St. Michael's-Alley in Cornhill, ſhall have a Guinea Reward.

Whereas a Falſe Copy is publiſh'd by B. Bragg, of An Imitation of Milton, under the Title of The Splendid Shilling, &c. This is to give notice, that it will be printed next Week from a True Copy.

LONDON Printed, and Sold by *Sam. Buckley* at the *Dolphin* in *Little-Britain*,